

14 CHAPTER REVIEW

REVIEW KEY VOCABULARY



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- Multi-Language Glossary
- Vocabulary practice

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|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| • amplitude, p. 908 | • period, p. 908 | • trigonometric identity, p. 924 |
| • periodic function, p. 908 | • frequency, p. 910 | • sinusoid, p. 941 |
| • cycle, p. 908 | | |

VOCABULARY EXERCISES

1. Copy and complete: Frequency gives the number of ? per unit of time.
2. **WRITING** Explain how to find the period of $y = a \sin b(x - h) + k$.

Determine whether the given number is the *amplitude*, *period*, or *frequency* of the graph of $y = \pi \cos \frac{\pi x}{2}$.

3. 4

4. π

5. 0.25

REVIEW EXAMPLES AND EXERCISES

Use the review examples and exercises below to check your understanding of the concepts you have learned in each lesson of Chapter 14.

14.1

Graph Sine, Cosine, and Tangent Functions

pp. 908–914

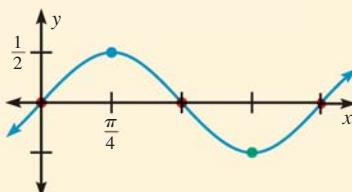
EXAMPLE

Graph (a) $y = \frac{1}{2} \cos 2x$ and (b) $y = 3 \tan \frac{x}{2}$.

a. Amplitude: $a = \frac{1}{2}$ Period: $\frac{2\pi}{2} = \pi$

Intercepts: $(0, 0)$; $(\frac{\pi}{2}, 0)$; $(\pi, 0)$

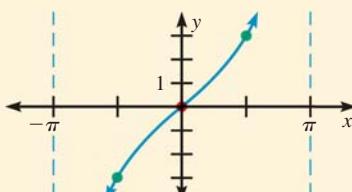
Maximum: $(\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{1}{2})$ Minimum: $(\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{1}{2})$



b. Period: $\frac{\pi}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2\pi$ Intercept: $(0, 0)$

Asymptotes: $x = -\pi$; $x = \pi$

Halfway points: $(-\frac{\pi}{2}, -3)$; $(\frac{\pi}{2}, 3)$



EXAMPLES

1, 2, and 4

on pp. 909–912
for Exs. 6–9

EXERCISES

Graph the function.

6. $y = \sin 2x$

7. $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2}$

8. $g(x) = 5 \sin \pi x$

9. $y = 2 \tan \frac{1}{3}x$